(12) UK Patent Application (19) GB (11) 2 333 141 (13) A

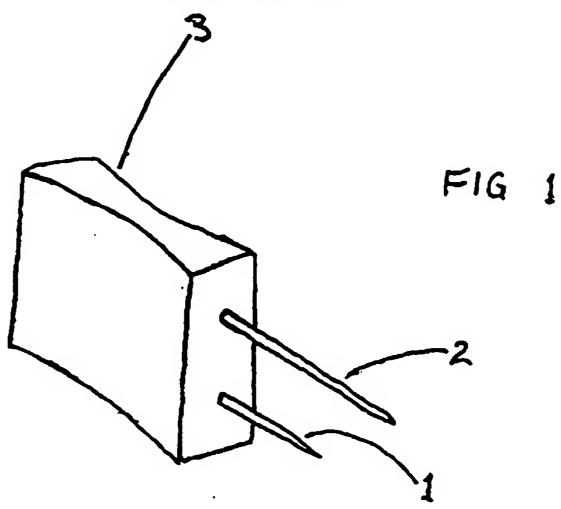
(43) Date of A Publication 14.07.1999

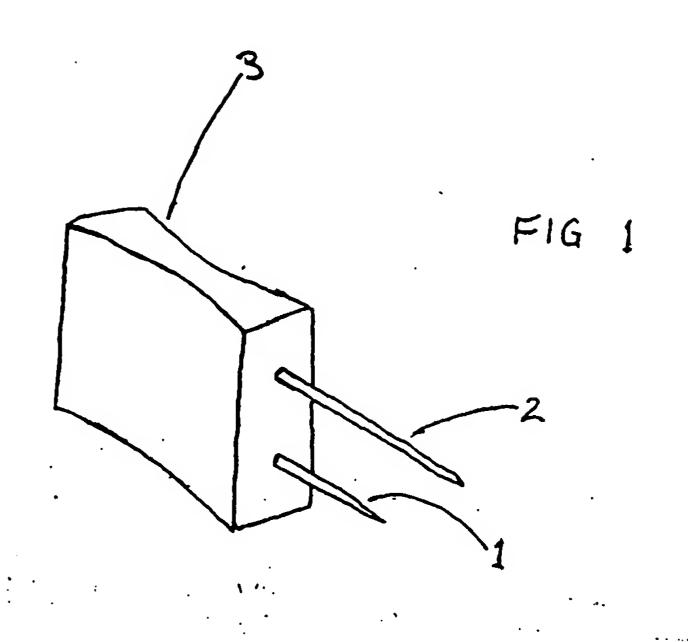
- (21) Application No 9800586.1
- (22) Date of Filing 12.01.1998
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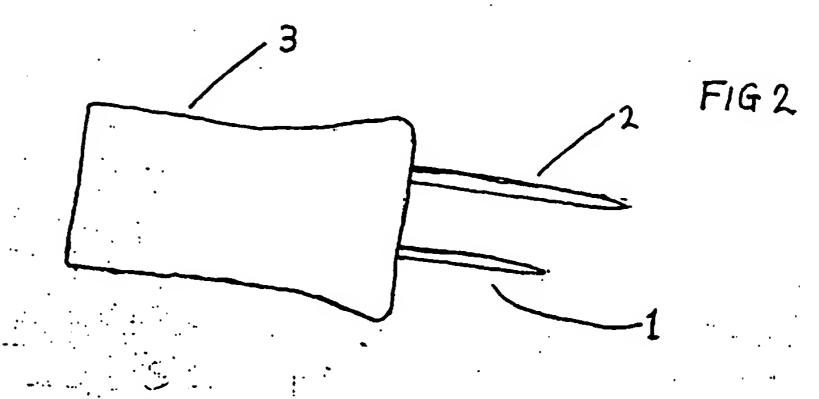
- (51) INT CL⁶
 B43M 15/00, F16B 15/00
- (52) UK CL (Edition Q)
 P2H HGX1 HXS H31E H31G
- (56) Documents Cited FR 002672012 A JP 900052496 A US 4955813 A

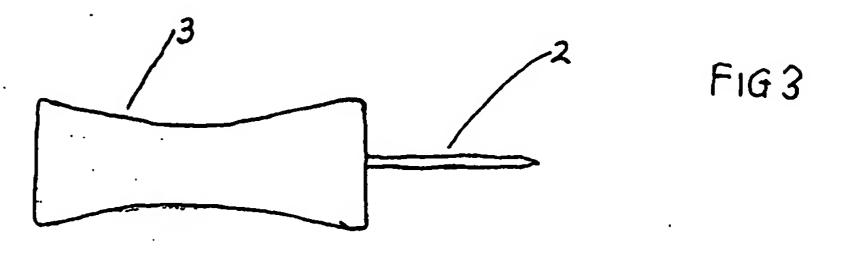
- (54) Abstract Title

 Double pronged drawing pin
- (57) A drawing pin has a plastic or alloy body 3 and two prongs or pins 1,2 of either the same length or different length.









1.

DRAWING PIN.

This invention relates to a drawing pin or the type which is used to attach articles to a suitable surface, such as a pin board.

Drawing pins are well known objects, very basic in design, comprised of a single pin attached to a head of one form or another.

Basically the main objective of this invention is that one new drawing pin will do the job of two old ones.

I.E. One new drawing pin will hold the article to be attached to a pin board and stop it from rotating. This also means that if you want to pin your article at an angle and you only have one new drawing pin at hand this is not a problem.

This also means that less money is spent on drawing pins.

This new invention will hold an article to a pin board at an angle without the need for secondary drawing pins and in time the article will not change position.

Conventional drawing pins are mostly poorly designed and are not easy to use; anyone who has ever had to remove a conventional drawing pin knows the painful experience it can sometimes be.

This new drawing pin consists of two pins, one of normal length. The second, (which is the main new feature) is two thirds the length. This allows for easy penetration of the pin board.

The body of this new drawing pin is organic in shape allowing for ease in use. The pins on this new drawing pin are positioned symmetrically on the front of the body. The body of this new drawing pin can be of plastic or an alloy.

The specific embodiment of the invention will now be described by way of an example with reference to the accompanying drawing in which:-

Figure 1.

Shows in perspective the new drawing pin with the two pins in position on the body evenly spaced.

Figure 2

Shows a side view of the body of the new drawing pin with both pins in position on the front of the body

Figure 3

Shows a top view of the body of the new drawing pin with the longer pin of the two being visible from this angle.

As shown in figure 1 this new drawing pin has the added benefit of having an extra but shorter pin 1. This extra pin is your second drawing pin. One new drawing pin will allow a person to pin an article to a pin board which can be angled to any position and that position will not change over time.

The conventional length pin 2 of the two on this new drawing pin penetrates the pin board as normal only to be penetrated a second time by the shorter pin 1.

The body of this new drawing pin 3 can be of plastic or an alloy, the design of the body is important as it must be comfortable to handle for ease of function which is lacking in conventional designs.

3.

CLAIM

1 A drawing pin comprising of two pins, one pin being either a third shorter than the other (or they can both be the same length).

The longer pin is of conventional length.

The two pins are positioned off centre and evenly distributed at the front of the drawing pin.

The shape of the body is of an organic form for ease of operation.